Course Code and Title	MS7130: Organic Materials
Details of Course	Summary of course content
	This course will cover the subject of organic materials. Organic materials cover both bulk commodities such as polyolefins, natural biological materials and bio-inspired materials with medical and other applications, new cutting edge materials such as graphene and carbon nanotubes, and organic colourants and semiconductors with optical and electronic properties that can be tuned for use in applications such as organic electronic devices, including biosensors, LED displays, and organic solar cells, and medical applications such as biomarkers for imaging. A materials approach will be adopted. The processing-structure-property-performance paradigm will be employed. The structural, optical and electronic properties of organic materials will be discussed as will the interrelationship between synthesis, characterization and applications will be discussed.
	Rationale for introducing this course
	The rationale of introducing this course is to cover functional organic materials and their applications employing a processing-structure-property-performance framework.
	Aims and objectives
	<ul> <li>At the end of this course the students will</li> <li>Obtain an understanding of organic materials and their role in modern technological applications.</li> <li>Understand the functional requirements of organic materials for various applications.</li> <li>Critically analyze and predict future directions in organic materials</li> </ul>
	Course Syllabus
	(Refer to below)
Assessment	3 x Tutorials – 30% CA1: MCQs – 25% CA2: MCQs – 25% Research paper critique: peer review – 20%
Hours of Contact/Academic	
Units	
Proposed Date of Offer	Semester 1, AY2021-22
Instructor and Co-instructor (if any)	Assoc Prof Andrew Grimsdale
Class size	30
Any duplication of course	No

## **Course Syllabus**

The following topics will be covered:

#### **MODULE 1: Fundamental Properties and Principles of Organic Materials**

- Introduction to organic materials

   Allotropes of carbon.
   Types of organic materials --Polymers versus molecules.
- Bonding in organic molecules

   Hybridisation of carbon (sp<sup>3</sup>, sp<sup>2</sup>, sp).
   Covalent bond types properties and chemistry of □ vs □-bonds.

## **MODULE 2: Structural Organic Materials**

- Polyolefins

   Synthesis of polyethylene and polypropylene (Ziegler-Natta)
   Structure-property relationships in PP (tacticity)
   Applications.
- Substituted polyolefins

   Polystyrene- synthesis and applications.
   Radical and anionic polymerisations.
- Carbon nanotubes and carbon fibres

   Synthesis and structure-property relationships.
   Use of CNTs and carbon fibres (composites).
- 4. Condensation polymers -Synthetic methods. Nylon. Kevlar.
- 5. Introduction to Bio-materials -Proteins and other types of biopolymers.
- Biomaterials as structural materials

   Examples of structural biomaterials, including cellulose, lignins, chitin and spider silk.

## **MODULE 3: Electronic Properties of Organic Materials**

- Introduction to conjugated materials

   Introduction to conjugation and bandgaps.
   Types of conjugated materials
- Graphene and Nanotubes

   Preparation and applications of graphene.
   Structure and electrical properties of carbon nanotubes.
- Polyacetylene

   Synthesis and doping of polyacetylene.
   Origin of conductivity.
- Other conducting polymers

   Synthesis, properties and applications of other conducting polymers including -PEDOT and polyaniline.

- Semiconducting organic materials

   Introduction to semiconductors.
   Classes of organic semiconductors.
- Molecular materials for transistors.
   -Acenes and oligomers.
   -Synthesis and processing.
   -Structure-property relationships.
- Regioregular polythiophene

   Regiorandom versus regioregular polythiophene.
   Synthesis,
   Structure property relationships.
- High mobility copolymers

   Donor-acceptor polymers for high mobility.
   Synthesis and processing.
   Structure-property relationships.

# **MODULE 4: Optical Properties of Organic Materials**

- Introduction to colour.
   Origins of colour absorption, emission, photonics.
- Dyes and pigments

   Difference between dyes and pigments.
   Synthesis and applications, e.g. bioimaging, of coloured materials.
- Dye-sensitised solar cells

   Mechanism of dye-sensitised solar cells.
   Dyes for solar cells.
   Perovskite solar cells,
- Electron donors for solar cells

   Bulk-heterojunction solar cells
   Polymer donors for high efficiency design and synthesis.
- Electron acceptors for solar cells

   Fullerenes as acceptors
   Non-fullerene acceptors
- Organic luminescence

   Origins of emission in organic materials fluorescence versus phosphorescence.
   Types of organic emitters small molecules versus polymers
- Materials for LEDs

   Structure-property relationships
   Super Yellow
- Frontiers in OLEDs

   Search for stable blue emitters
   Phosphorescent materials
   White emission

## **MODULE 5: Analysis of Organic Materials**

- Introduction to analysis of organic materials

   Overview of methods used in analysis of organic materials: SEC
   Thermal methods, spectroscopy
   Microscopy
   X-ray diffraction
- Size Exclusion Chromatography

   -Uses and limitations of SEC.
   -Alternative methods for determining molar mass of polymers.
- TGA and DSC
   Principles and use of TGA and DSC for analysis of organic materials.
- IR and Raman spectroscopy
   Vibrational spectroscopy by IR and Raman principles, uses and limitations.
- UV-Vis and PL spectroscopy -Principles,
   -Uses and limitations of UV and PL spectroscopy.
- 6. NMR spectroscopy
  -Principles,
  -Uses and limitations of 1H and 13C NMR spectroscopy,
  - -Including 2D NMR and solid-state NMR.
- Microscopy

   Introduction to optical,
   Electron and scanning microscopies and their use in analysing organic materials.
- Electrical characterization of organic materials.
   Introduction to techniques such as CV,
   Mobility measurements used in electronic characterization of organic materials.