Portable robotic device can help stroke patients with therapy

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A portable robotic device that can help stroke patients with their recovery at home was unveiled at a media event at Tan Tock Seng Hospital (TTSH) yesterday.

Aided by the robot, patients can do the repetitive exercises needed to regain control in their arms and build up their strength, without always having to visit a clinic or hospital for sessions with a therapist.

The portable arm rehabilitation robot weighs 14kg and has been named H-Man. Rather than resembling a man, however, the device sits on a table, its joystick-shaped handle connected to a computer screen and a moving pad.

It may look simple enough, but H-Man is an intelligent device. It can sense the condition of the patient’s arm in terms of strength, coordination and agility, and automatically adjust assistance or resistance according to his needs when he performs the exercises, which involves playing a game shown on the screen, using the joystick.

In this manner, the patient learns sensorimotor control so that he can resume daily activities.

Furthermore, H-Man will give feedback about the patient’s progress to his therapist, who can monitor recovery remotely. This is particularly convenient amid the Covid-19 pandemic.

During the media launch at TTSH, Dr Adel Farsoussi, chief executive and co-founder of Articares, the company that is developing H-Man, said that the robotic device is used in some hospitals and nursing homes here and overseas, but not at TTSH — although the hospital has plans to incorporate it in one of its post-stroke therapy programmes some time next year.

He said that most robots currently used for rehabilitation purposes weigh up to 70kg and are located at hospitals where their operation is managed by occupational therapists.

These robots are also costly, which makes widespread implementation a challenge.

Stroke is the leading cause of long-term disability, and rehabilitation helps those who have had a stroke retain the skills they lost when part of their brain was damaged.

Associate Professor Domenico Campolo, co-founder of Articares, said the portability of H-Man can make a difference in the use of such technology for post-stroke therapy.

“When we started, we really wanted to build something for the home — because our definition of portable was anything that fits in a taxi,” he said.

The Articares founders said H-Man can be rented or purchased, but they declined to share the cost.

“The traditional way is to bring the patient to the clinic where you have maybe one hour for the therapy. Anything longer than an hour is difficult as the patient will be fatigued,” said Prof Campolo, who is also director of the Nanyang Technological University (NTU) Robotics Research Centre.

“But if you have something closer to home, maybe you can have 15 minutes in the morning, 15 minutes in the afternoon. It opens up possibilities to try new therapies as well.”

Karen Chua, a senior consultant at TTSH’s Department of Rehabilitation Physicians and Occupational Therapy, said the robot will set the training goal for the patient and that the exercises must be prescribed.

When the H-Man trial was completed, the technology was commercialised and spun off into Articares, which is incubated by NTUitive, NTU’s enterprise and innovation company.

TTSH’s principal occupational therapist Christopher Khoo said that H-Man, which can also be used in hospitals, makes repetitive exercises less boring for patients, as they play a game while doing their therapy.

Madam Seet Jeu Luang, 60, who had a stroke in July last year, using the H-Man device yesterday during a media demonstration, under the guidance of Mr Christopher Khoo, principal occupational therapist at Tan Tock Seng Hospital. Madam Seet was one of 10 patients who experienced using H-Man earlier this year to complement the daily hand and arm exercises she did at home.

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