

COURSE CONTENT

Academic Year	2024/2025	Semester	1			
Course Coordinator	Asst Prof. Zhao V	Venting				
Course Code	BG1801					
Course Title	Bioengineering La	aboratory 1A				
Pre-requisites	Nil					
No of AUs	1					
Contact Hours	0 hours lecture, 0 hours tutorial, 24 hours Laboratory					
Proposal Date	31 May 2019	·······				

Course Aims

This laboratory course aims to provide practical applications to reinforce theories and concepts taught in first year of bioengineering.

Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO)

By the end of this course, you should be able to:

- 1. Establish your scientific understanding using appropriate laboratory experiments
- 2. Convert raw data to a physically meaningful form
- 3. Apply appropriate methods to plot, analyse, and represent experimental results and verify principles when applicable
- 4. Write a formal technical/scientific report to introduce the background, objectives, methodology, discussion of results and conclusions of experiments

Course Content

Laboratory experiments are related to lab techniques and analysis tools in field of Bioengineering such as the use of Excel, Matlab, concepts of Solubility, Solubility Product, Titration, Diffraction **[PH1011]**, Interference **[PH1011]**, and Standing Waves **[PH1011]**. The square brackets indicate the courses in which the concepts of the respective experiments are covered.

Assessment (includes both continuous and summative assessment)

Component	Course LO Tested	Related Programme LO or Graduate Attributes	Weighting	Team /Individual	Assessment rubrics
Continuous Assessment (100%)	1, 2, 3, 4	a, b, c, d, e, j, I	100%	Individual	See Appendix 1
Total			100%		

Mapping of Course ILOs to EAB Graduate Attributes

Course Intended	Cat	EAB's 12 Graduate Attributes*											
Learning Outcomes	Cat	(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(I)
BG1801 Bioengineering Laboratory 1A		•	٠	•	٠	٠				Ð	•		0
1. Establish your scientific understanding using appropriate laboratory experiments								ory	EAB SLO* a, b, c, d, e, i				
2. Convert raw data to a physically meaningful form									EAB SLO* a, b, c, d, e				
3. Apply appropriate methods to plot, analyse, and represent experimental results and verify principles when applicable								ent	EAB SLO* a, b, c, d, e				
 Write a formal technical/scientific report to introduce the background, objectives, methodology, discussion of results and conclusions of experiments 									E	AB SL	O* j, l		

Legend:	● ① o Blank	Fully consistent (contributes to Partially consistent (contribute Weakly consistent (contribute Not related to Student Learnin	es to about 50% of Intend s to about 25% of Intend	ded Learning Outcomes)
Formative	eedback			
Marker's rep	oort on lab	report submission will be	e available in NTUle	arn at the end of the semester.
Learning a	nd Teachi	ing approach		
Approach		ow does this approach utcomes?	support students i	n achieving the learning
Laboratory	m ut pi	anual. Experiment are to tilized to answer the quest	be conducted and t stions posted. A repo bjectives, methodolo	wided in each experiment lab he results obtained will be ort will need to be generated to ogy, discussion of the results
Reading an		n ces rided in NTULearn		
	•	Student Responsibilitie	es	
especially ir that of your	following colleague		es and training, for y f and students shall	•
participate in on lab scheo from the da	n the assig dule and re te of expe	gned lab sessions. You an espective lab group. Logs priment while formal repo	re expected to subm sheet submission de ort submission dead	e attending the lab sessions and it logsheet or formal report based adline will be 12 midnight, 7 days line will be 12 midnight, 14 days report are given in Appendix 2 .
semester. If	you are a		without valid leave	lowed to do makeup at the of the of absence, you will receive zero be graded.
Academic I	ntegrity			
student relie	s on adhe ared by t	ering to the principles of a	cademic integrity an	. The quality of your work as a d to the NTU Honour Code, a se at and Justice are at the core o
the principle maintaining yourself with fraud, collus	s of acad academic strategiesion and o the <u>acac</u>	emic integrity in all the w integrity does not excus es to avoid all forms of a cheating. If you are und	ork you do at NTU. se academic dishone cademic dishonesty certain of the definit or more information.	es in understanding and applying Not knowing what is involved in esty. You need to actively equip r, including plagiarism, academic ions of any of these terms, you Consult your instructor(s) if you r in the course.
			5,	
	tructors		<u> </u>	

Planned Weekly Schedule

Week	Торіс	Course LO	Readings/ Activities
3	Experiment 1	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 1
4	Experiment 2	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 2
5	Experiment 3	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 3
6	Experiment 4	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 4
7	Experiment 5	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 5
8	Experiment 6	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 6
9	Experiment 7	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 7
10	Experiment 8	1, 2, 3, 4	Lab manual 8

Appendix 1: Assessment Criteria

	Exceptional (10-8)	Admirable (6-7)	Acceptable (4-5)	Poor (1-3)
Overall	Appropriate as a piece of scientific	Minimal awkward phrasing or word	Many passages are phrased poorly,	Poorly organized narrative with frequent
presentation	writing. Words were chosen carefully	choices. Report is easy to read and	contained awkward word choices, or	awkward phrases and poor word
	and appropriately. Sentence structure	constructed properly. Evidence of editing	many long sentences. Narrative is	choices. Sentences are too long or
	was clear and easy to follow. The report	with	disorganized in many places.	short. Lacks cohesion, style and fluidity.
	is free of spelling, punctuation, and	less than three grammatical and/or	Multiple grammatical and/or spelling	Frequent spelling and grammatical
	grammatical errors .	spelling errors.	errors.	errors.
Introduction	A cohesive, well-written summary of the	Mostly complete but does not provide	Certain major introductory points are	Very little background information is
	background material pertinent to the	context for minor points. Contains	missing (ex: background, theory, etc.) or	provided and/or information is incorrect.
	experiment with appropriate references.	relevant information but certain	explanations are unclear and confusing.	No reference is provided.
	Purpose of the experiment is clearly	information is not cohesive. Some	Few references are provided.	
	stated. References are used properly.	references are provided.		
Methodology	Contains details on how the experiment	Narrative includes most important	Missing several experimental details or	Several important experimental details
	was performed and the procedures	experimental details but is missing some	some incorrect statements.	are missing. Or copied directly from the
	followed. Written in the correct tense.	relevant information.		lab manual.
Results	All figures, graphs, and tables are	All figures, graphs, and tables are	Most figures, graphs, and tables are	Figures, graphs, and tables are poorly
	numbered with appropriate captions. All	correctly drawn, but some have minor	included, but some important or required	constructed; have missing titles,
	tables, figures, etc. are explicitly	problems that could be still be improved.	features are missing. Certain data	captions or numbers. Certain data
	mentioned in the text. Relevant	All data and associated figures, etc. are	reported are not mentioned in the text or	reported are not mentioned in the text.
	experimental data are presented which	mentioned in the text. Most relevant data	are missing. Captions are not descriptive	Important data missing.
	are used in the discussion.	are presented.	or incomplete.	
Discussion/	Demonstrates a logical, coherent	Demonstrates an understanding of the	While some of the results have been	Does not demonstrate an understanding
Conclusions	working knowledge and understanding	majority of important experimental	correctly interpreted and discussed,	of the important experimental concepts,
	of important experimental concepts,	concepts, forms conclusions based on	partial but incomplete understanding of	forms inaccurate conclusions, suggests
	forms appropriate conclusions based on	results and/or analysis but either lacks	results is still evident. Student fails to	inappropriate improvements in the
	interpretations of results, includes	proper interpretation, suggests	make one or two connections to	experiment, refers to the literature
	applications of and improvements in the	inappropriate improvements in the	underlying theory. Address some of the	insufficiently, and lacks overall
	experiment, references collected data	experiment, refers to the literature	specific points or questions posed in the	justification of error. Address none of the
	and analysis, refers to the literature	insufficiently, or lacks overall justification	lab manual.	specific points or questions posed in the
	when appropriate, and demonstrates	of error. Address most of the specific		lab manual.
	accountability by providing justification	points or questions posed in the lab		
	for any errors. Address all specific	manual.		
	questions posed in the lab manual.			
References	All sources (information and graphics)	All sources are accurately documented,	All sources are accurately documented,	All sources are accurately documented
	are accurately documented in consistent	but format is not consistent. Some	but many are not in consistent format.	but not directly cited in the text.
	format.	sources are not accurately documented.	Most sources are not directly cited in the	
			text.	

Appendix 2: Guidelines on the structure of Formal Report

A. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Be prepared for your laboratory work; study the Manual beforehand and read up the theory.
- 2. No marks will be given for copied material and/or copied reports.
- 3. Be relevant in content, concise in expression and correct in the use of English. Grades will depend on the quality of the report, not quantity.
- 4. The formats set out below will be used to record all laboratory experiment. If there are modifications or special requirements for a particular experiment, your Supervisor will give you the necessary instructions.

B. FORMAL REPORTS:

Assume that your reader is a *fellow student* who is not familiar with the specific work you are reporting. It consists of the following sections.

- 1. Title Page
- Should include Title of Experiment, Name, Group Number, and Date of lab experiment 2. Aim
- Describe the objectives of the experiment.
- 3. Abstract
- 4. Principles

This section prepares the reader to understand the report.

5. Equipment and Materials

Give a brief description of the equipment and materials you used. If detailed descriptions are required, they should be placed in the *Appendix*. Illustrations by *simple diagrams* may save you a long description. Provide titles and label your diagrams clearly and refer to them in your text by using a clear numbering system (eg. Fig. 1 A Pressure Transducer).

6. Procedure

Describe briefly in the correct sequence the important aspects of the procedure you adopted to conduct the experiment and obtain the results, explaining any modifications you have made to the instructions in the Manual. Use the *past tense* to report on the procedure.

- 7. Results
 - This section usually includes
 - (a) observations;
 - (b) sample calculation(s); and
 - (c) results of your calculation (tabulated and/or presented graphically).

To present your data or results clearly, make sure that proper titles or lead-in statements are used and appropriate explanations are given. Some types of laboratory work are descriptive and the results will not be quantitative, hence, you may describe the key observations and results in prose paragraphs. Some experiments are required to use assigned software to process data and plot graphs.

8. Discussion (not more than five pages)

In this section, you discuss the findings and results of your work. You might want to explain any differences between your measurements and theoretical predictions by comparing the theoretical curve with the experimental curve. You might want to account for any errors and suggest improvements through modification to the experiment/project equipment, procedure or precautions to be taken. You may draw deductions from the results.

9. Conclusion

Briefly (not more than half a page) present the conclusions you have reached as a result of your work; or state to what extent the objectives of the project have been met. It is not a repetition of the *Discussion* but a statement of the key point(s) or inferences logically deduced from the results and discussions.

10. Appendix

Any detailed technical information, for example, the theory and derivations, description of equipment referred to but not put in the main text, will be appended at the end of the report. It should also include all graphs, tables etc. not directly needed in the main sections of your report but which may be useful information for the reader. The appendices are lettered in the order in which they are mentioned in the text (Eg. Appendix A) and labelled with appropriate titles, (Eg. Appendix A. Method Used to Calibrate Pressure Transducer).

C. USE OF GRAPHIC ILLUSTRATIONS IN REPORT WRITING

- 1. Graphics provide important illustrations in technical reports. They are classified and numbered as *Tables* and *Figures*. Both tables and figures can be incorporated into the text of the report or attached under the Appendix section, according to their relative importance.
- Tables are used to record data taken from readings or to present quantitative findings. They are hence numbered and referred to exclusively as tables. For example: Table 1 Results of fiberglass impellers endurance test at variable rpm
- 3. *Figures* include all other illustrations used in the report, such as diagrams, schematics, flow charts, statistical charts, graphs and photographs. They should be numbered clearly according to their order of appearance in the report. For example:
 - Fig. 1 Test rig with three degrees of freedom
 - Fig. 2 Flow chart of instruments used in the experimental set up
 - Fig. 3 Lateral force spectra at difference angles of incidence
- 4. In the use of graphic illustrations in the report, the following points should be observed:
 - (i) All tables and figures must be numbered.
 - (ii) A title should be devised (in a noun phrase) for every table/figure.
 - (iii) Every illustration should be complete with proper legends and labels.
 - (iv) Units used must be accurate and where possible, SI Units should be used.

(v) Scales for the figures should be appropriately devised. For example, to allow comparison of results, the scales of four graphs can be reduced so as to be able to display them within the same page.

(vi) An illustration used in the text should be well integrated with a lead-in sentence or phrase in front. For example:

Figure 1 illustrates the forces on a triangular building for a given wind direction.

Figure 2 shows the test rig which allows a semi-rigid model to oscillate.

Figure 3 shows a flow chart of the instruments used in the collection of data. The variations of tip displacements with reduced velocity are shown in Figures 4 to 6.

(vii) Relevant explanations or interpretations should immediately follow the illustrations.

(viii) Illustrations used in the appendices should be mentioned in the text so that proper reference can be made.

5. A sample figure used as an illustration in a report is attached.

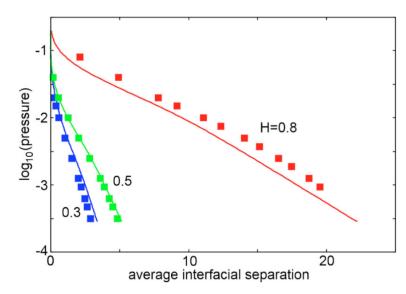


Fig. 1 Comparison between experimental and theoretical data on the relationship between applied squeezing pressure and average interfacial separation.